

LOW DROP DUAL POWER OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

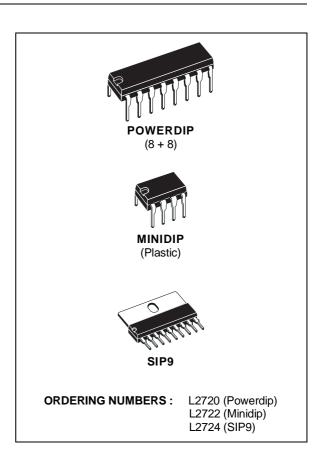
- OUTPUT CURRENT TO 1 A
- OPERATES AT LOW VOLTAGES
- SINGLE OR SPLIT SUPPLY
- LARGE COMMON-MODE AND DIFFEREN-TIAL MODE RANGE
- LOW INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE
- GROUND COMPATIBLE INPUTS
- LOW SATURATION VOLTAGE
- THERMAL SHUTDOWN
- CLAMP DIODE



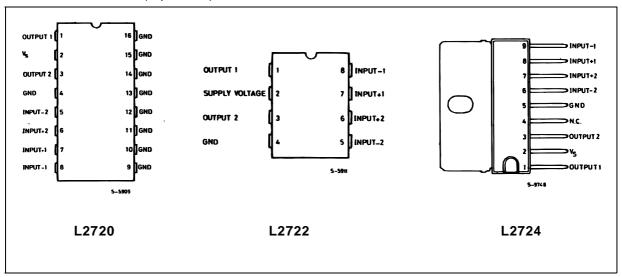
The L2720, L2722 and L2724 are monolithic integrated circuits in powerdip, minidip and SIP-9 packages, intended for use as power operational amplifiers in a wide range of applications including servo amplifiers and power supplies.

They are particularly indicated for driving, inductive loads, as motor and finds applications in compact-disc VCR automotive, etc.

The high gain and high output power capability provide superior performance whatever an operational amplifier/power booster combination is required.

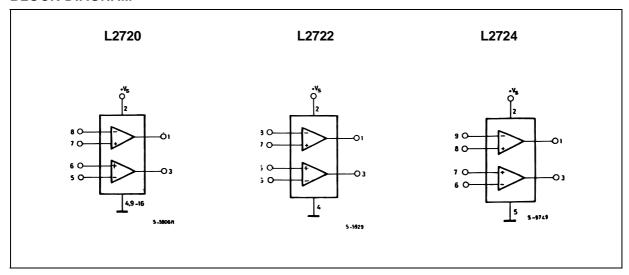


PIN CONNECTIONS (top views)

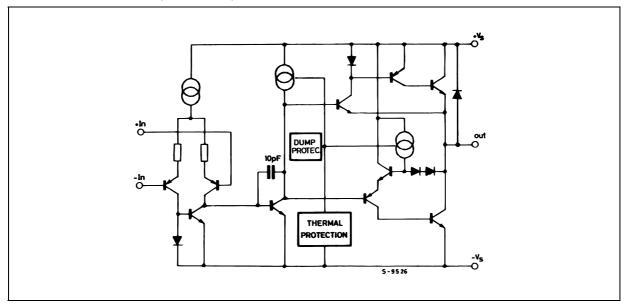


July 2003 1/10

BLOCK DIAGRAM



SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM (one section)



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
Vs	Supply Voltage	28	V
Vs	Peak Supply Voltage (50ms)	50	V
Vi	Input Voltage	Vs	
Vi	Differential Input Voltage	±V _s	
Io	DC Output Current	1	Α
Ip	Peak Output Current (non repetitive)	1.5	Α
P _{tot}	Power Dissipation at $T_{amb} = 80^{\circ}C$ (L2720), $T_{amb} = 50^{\circ}C$ (L2722) $T_{case} = 75^{\circ}C$ (L2720) $T_{case} = 50^{\circ}C$ (L2724)	1 5 10	W
T _{stg} , T _j	Storage and Junction Temperature	-40 to 150	°C

THERMAL DATA

			SIP-9	Powerdip	Minidip
R _{th j-case}	Thermal Resistance Junction-case	Max.	10°C/W	15°C/W	70°C/W
R _{th j-amb}	Thermal Resistance Junction-ambient	Max.	70°C/W	70°C/W	100°C/W

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $V_s = 24V$, $T_{amb} = 25$ °C unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condit	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
Vs	Single Supply Voltage			4		28	V
Vs	Split Supply Voltage			± 2		± 14	V
Is	Quiescent Drain Current	$V_0 = \frac{V_s}{2}$	V _s = 24V		10	15	mA
			$V_s = 8V$		9	15	
I _b	Input Bias Current				0.2	1	μΑ
Vos	Input Offset Voltage					10	mV
I _{os}	Input Offset Current					100	nA
SR	Slew Rate				2		V/μs
В	Gain-bandwidth Product				1.2		MHz
Ri	Input Resistance			500			kΩ
G _v	O.L. Voltage Gain	f = 100Hz f = 1kHz		70	80 60		dB
e _N	Input Noise Voltage	B = 22Hz to 22kHz			10		μV
I _N	Input Noise Voltage	D = 22112 to 228112			200		рА
CMR	Common Mode Rejection	f = 1kHz		66	84		dB
SVR	Supply Voltage Rejection	$ f = 100 Hz \\ R_G = 10 k\Omega \\ V_R = 0.5 V $	$V_s = 24V$ $V_s = \pm 12V$ $V_s = \pm 6V$	60	70 75 80		dB
V _{DROP(HIGH)}		$V_s = \pm 2.5 V \text{ to } \pm 12 V$	$I_p = 100 \text{mA}$ $I_p = 500 \text{mA}$		0.7 1	1.5	V
V _{DROP(LOW)}		$V_s = \pm 2.5 V \text{ to } \pm 12 V$	I _p = 100mA I _p = 500mA		0.3 0.5	1	V
Cs	Channel Separation	$\begin{split} f &= 1 \text{KHz} \\ R_L &= 10 \Omega \\ G_V &= 30 \text{dB} \end{split}$	V _s = 24V V _s = 6V		60 60		dB
T _{sd}	Thermal Shutdown Junction Temperature				145		္င

Figure 1: Quiescent Current vs. Supply Voltage

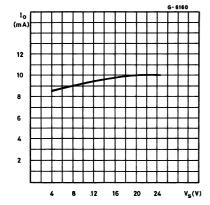


Figure 2: Open Loop Gain vs. Frequency

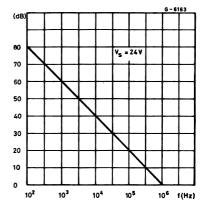


Figure 3 : Common Mode Rejection vs. Frequency

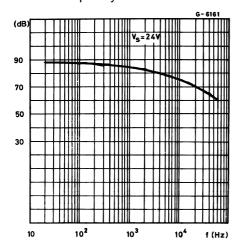


Figure 5 : Output Swing vs. Load Current ($V_S = \pm 12 \text{ V}$.

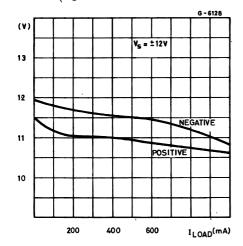


Figure 7 : Channel Separation vs. Frequency

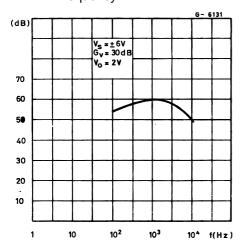


Figure 4 : Output Swing vs. Load Current $(V_S = \pm 5 V.$

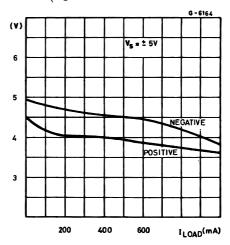
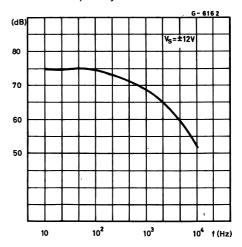


Figure 6 : Supply Voltage rejection vs. Frequency



APPLICATION SUGGESTION

In order to avoid possible instability occuring into final stage the usual suggestions for the linear power stages are useful, as for instance:

- layout accuracy;
- A 100nF capacitor connected between supply pins and ground;
- boucherot cell (0.1 to 0.2 μF + 1Ω series) between outputs and ground or across the load. With single supply operation, a resistor ($1k\Omega$) between the output and supply pin can be necessary for stability.

Figure 8 : Bidirectional DC Motor Control with μP Compatible Inputs

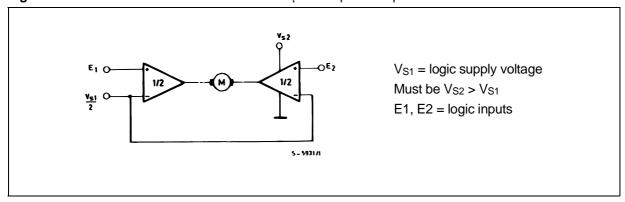


Figure 9: Servocontrol for Compact-disc

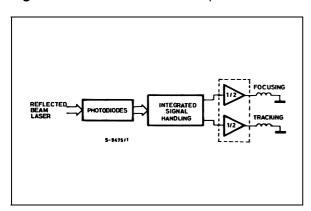


Figure 10 : Capstan Motor Control in Video Recorders

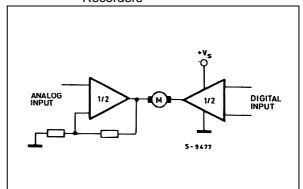
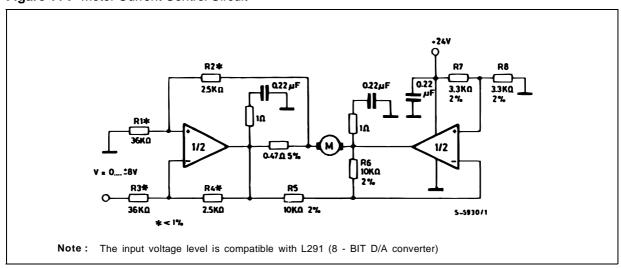


Figure 11: Motor Current Control Circuit



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Figure 12: Bidirectional Speed Control of DC Motors

For circuit stability ensure that $R_X > \frac{2R3 \cdot R1}{RM}$ where $R_M =$ internal resistance of motor.

The voltage available at the terminals of the motor is $V_M = 2$ ($V_1 - \frac{V_S}{2}$) + $|R_O|$. I_M where $|R_O| = \frac{2R3 \cdot R1}{R_X}$ and I_M is the motor current.

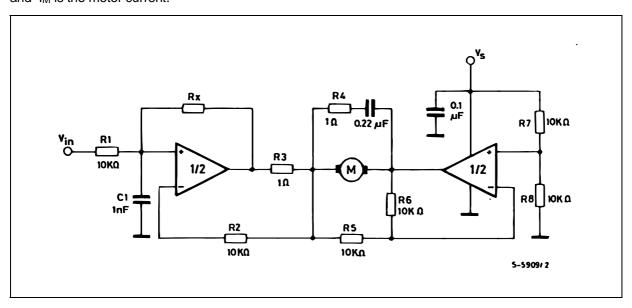
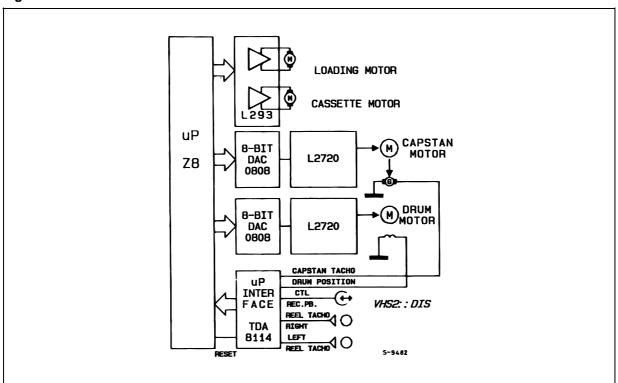


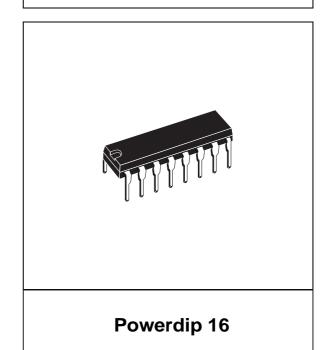
Figure 13: VHS-VCR Motor Control Circuit

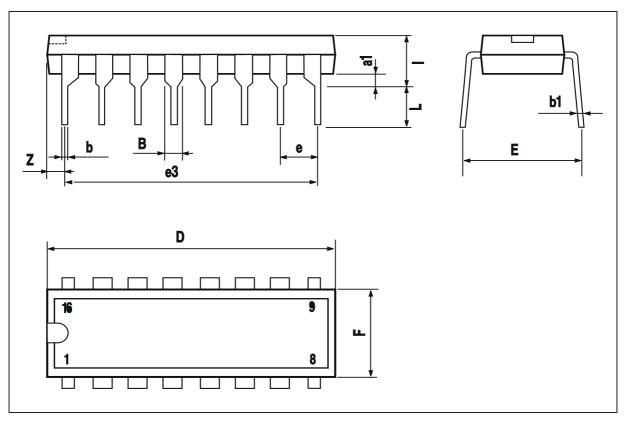


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DIM.		mm		inch		
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
a1	0.51			0.020		
В	0.85		1.40	0.033		0.055
b		0.50			0.020	
b1	0.38		0.50	0.015		0.020
D			20.0			0.787
E		8.80			0.346	
е		2.54			0.100	
e3		17.78			0.700	
F			7.10			0.280
I			5.10			0.201
L		3.30			0.130	
Z			1.27			0.050

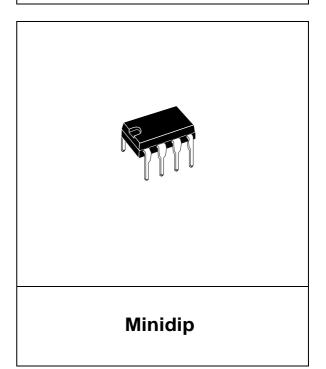
OUTLINE AND MECHANICAL DATA

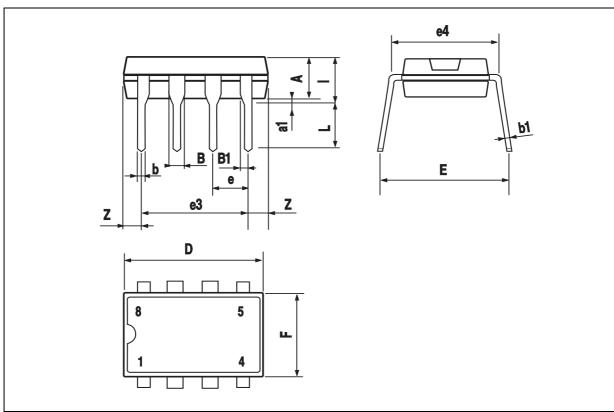




DIM.		mm		inch		
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
Α		3.32			0.131	
a1	0.51			0.020		
В	1.15		1.65	0.045		0.065
b	0.356		0.55	0.014		0.022
b1	0.204		0.304	0.008		0.012
D			10.92			0.430
E	7.95		9.75	0.313		0.384
е		2.54			0.100	
e3		7.62			0.300	
e4		7.62			0.300	
F			6.6			0.260
I			5.08			0.200
L	3.18		3.81	0.125		0.150
Z			1.52			0.060

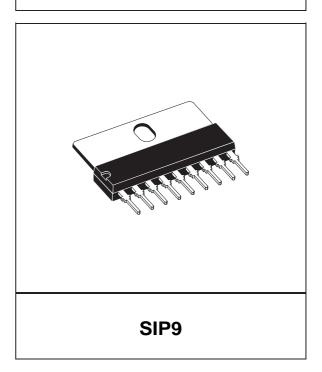
OUTLINE AND MECHANICAL DATA

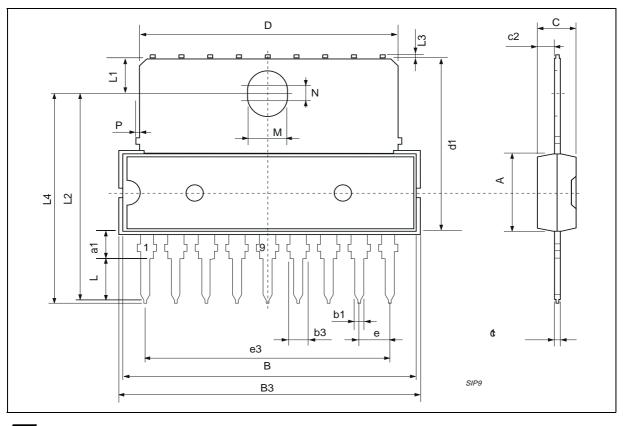




DIM.		mm			inch	
DIN.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
Α			7.1			0.280
a1	2.7		3	0.106		0.118
В			23			0.90
В3			24.8			0.976
b1		0.5			0.020	
b3	0.85		1.6	0.033		0.063
С		3.3			0.130	
c1		0.43			0.017	
c2		1.32			0.052	
D			21.2			0.835
d1		14.5			0.571	
е		2.54			0.100	
e3		20.32			0.800	
L	3.1			0.122		
L1		3			0.118	
L2		17.6			0.693	
L3			0.25			0.010
L4	17.4		17.85	0.685		0,702
М		3.2			0.126	
N		1			0.039	
Р			0.15			0.006

OUTLINE AND MECHANICAL DATA





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